

글로벌 ICT 표준 컨퍼런스 2023

Global ICT Standards Conference 2023

Metaverse와 디바이스

임승옥 본부장, 한국전자기술연구원

주최



과학기술정보통신부
Ministry of Science and ICT



특허청
Korean Intellectual
Property Office

주관



국립전파연구원
National Radio Research Agency



IITP

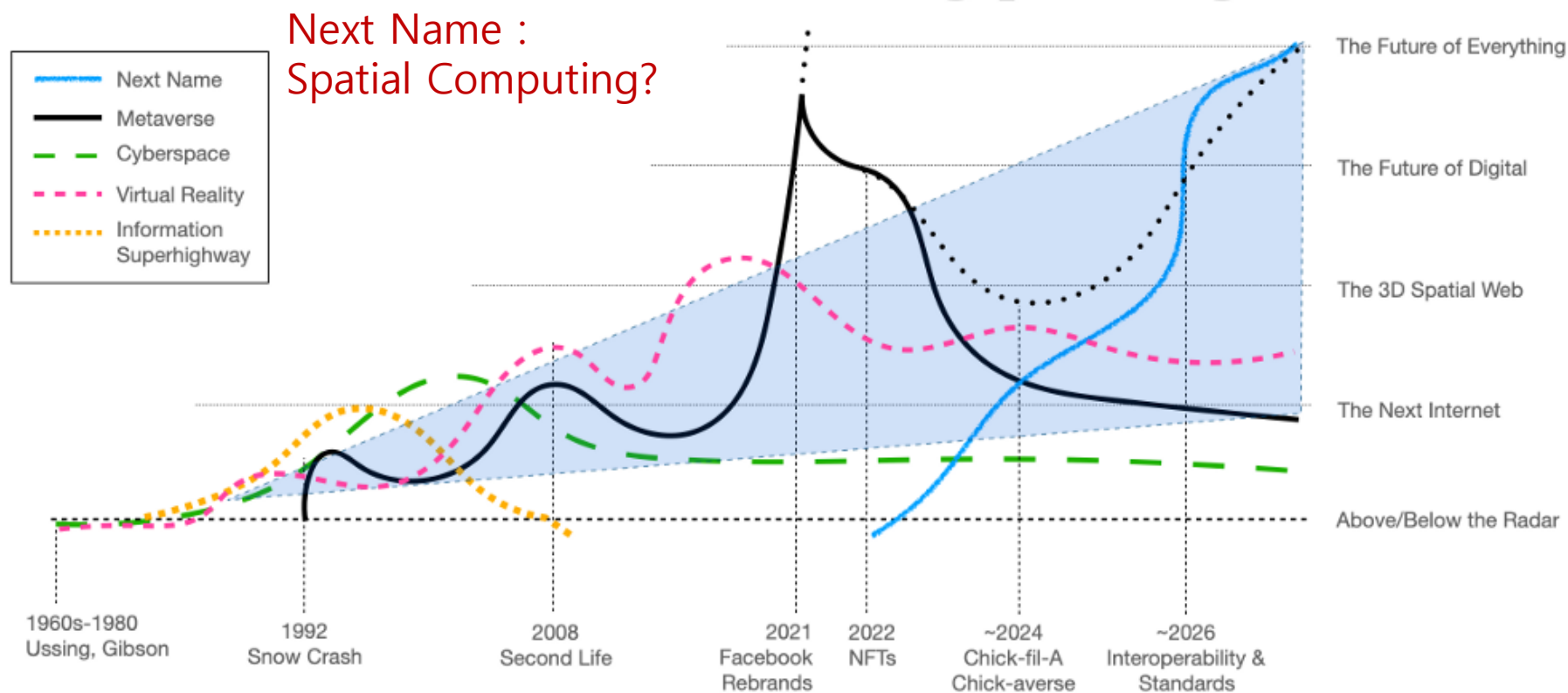
KEA

kista

ETRI

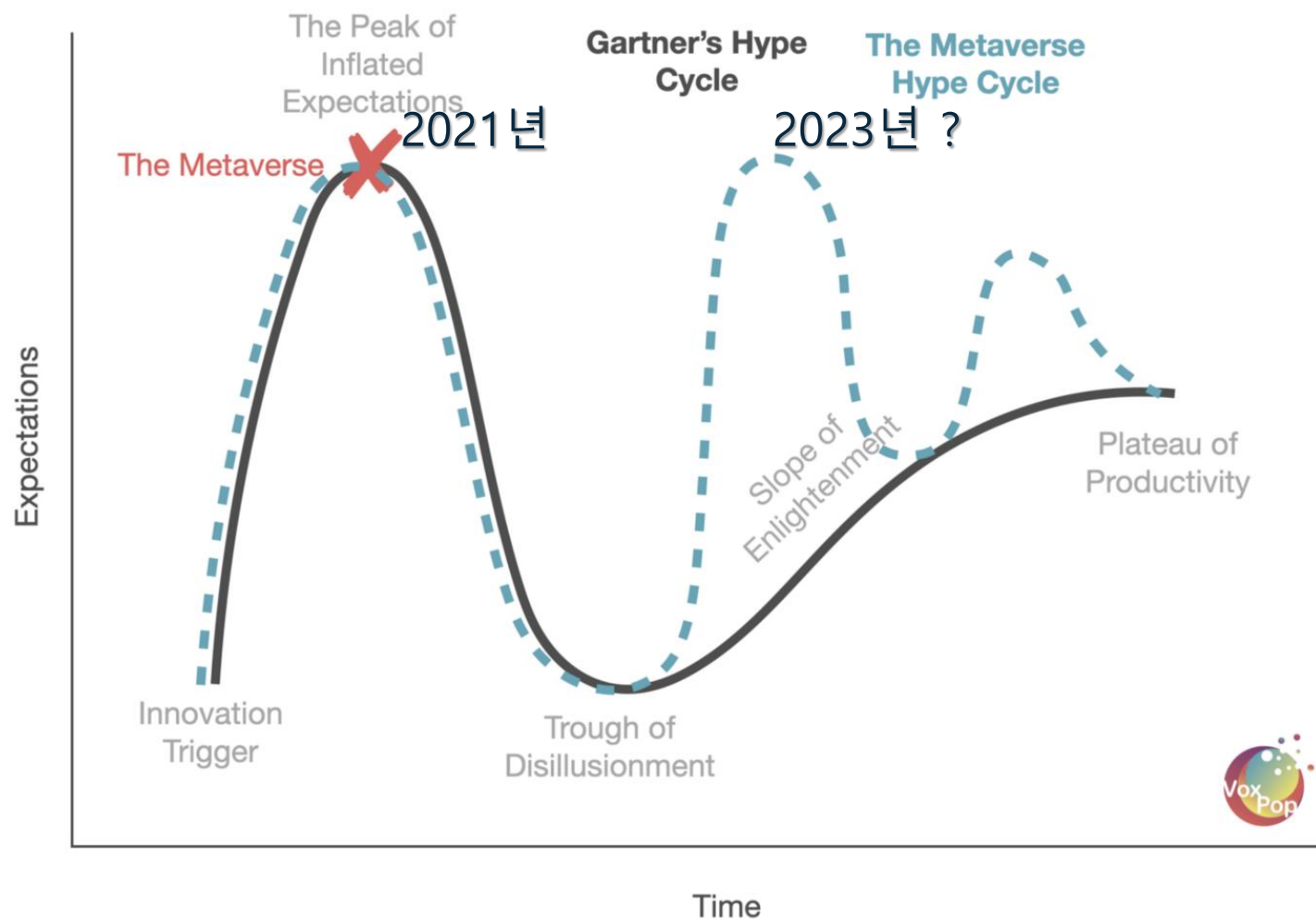
01. 메타버스 하이프 사이클

The Metaverse Hype Cycle

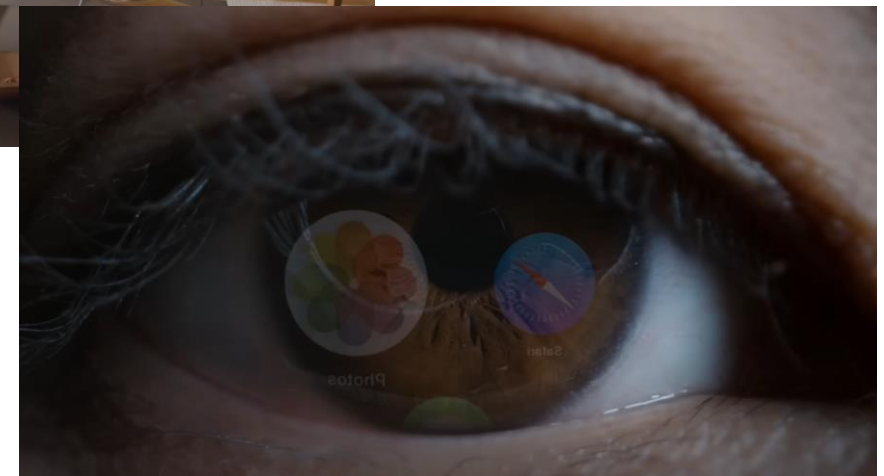
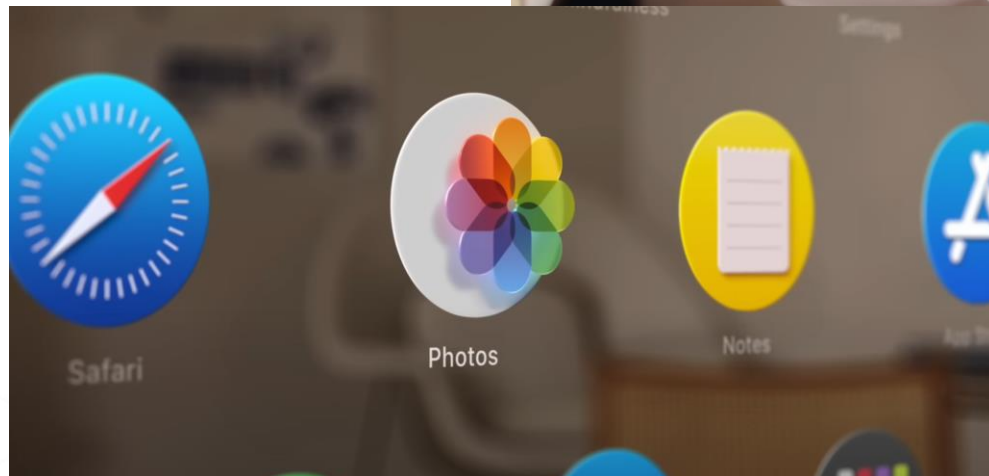
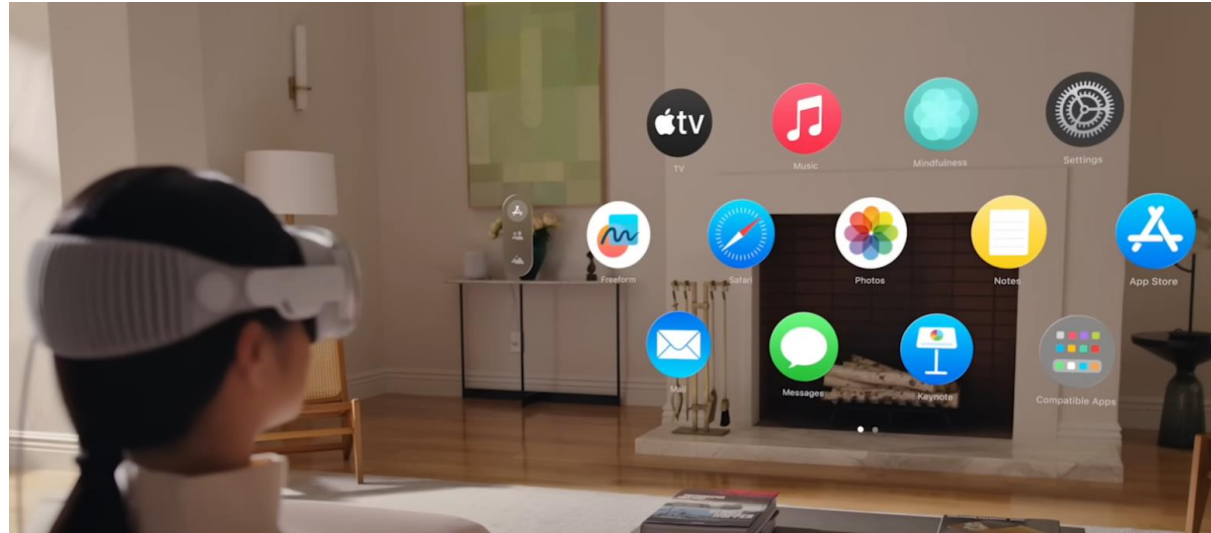


Source: Avi Bar-Zeev / RealityPrime

01. 메타버스 하이프 사이클



02. Apple Vision Pro – Vision OS



02. Apple Vision Pro – 100 feet panorama



02. Apple Vision Pro – 360



02. Apple Vision Pro – Work space



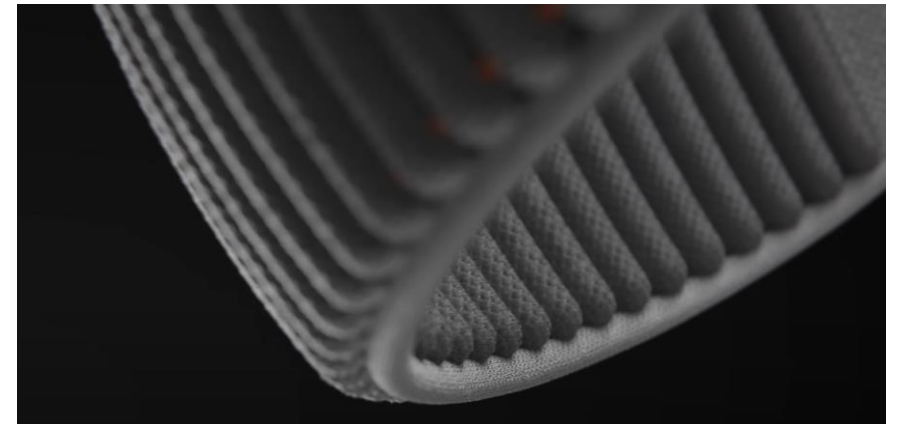
02. Apple Vision Pro – Work space



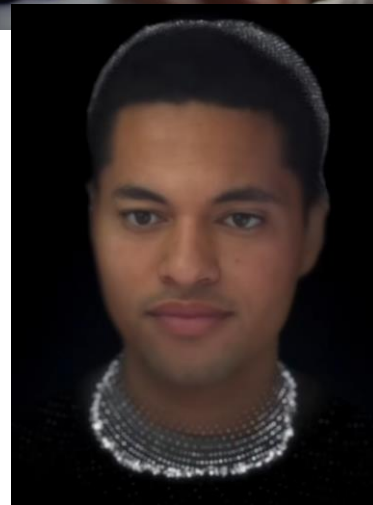
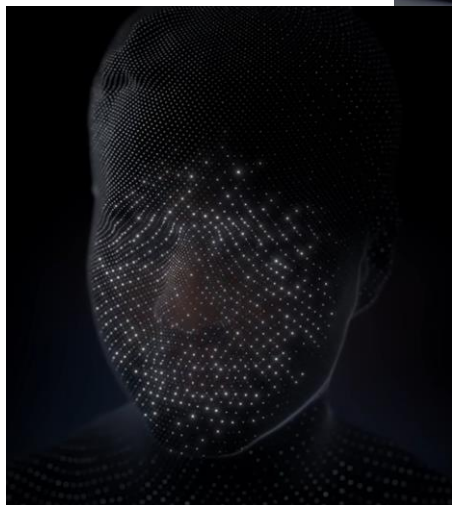
02. Apple Vision Pro – Work space



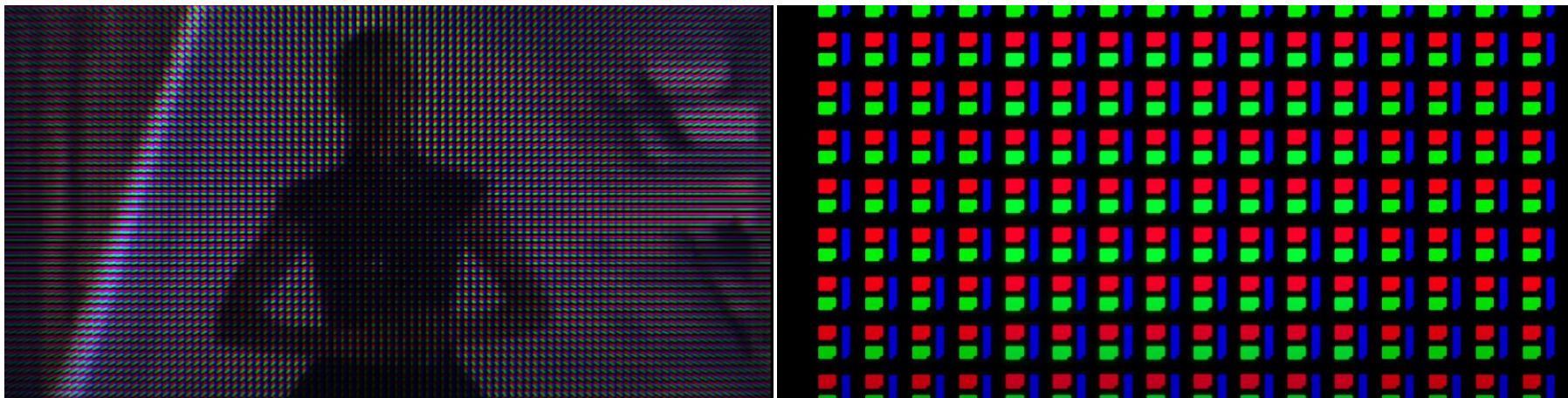
02. Apple Vision Pro – Design



02. Apple Vision Pro – Digital human



02. Apple Vision Pro – Tech : 2x4k Micro OLED



02. Apple Vision Pro – Tech : Audio Raytracing



02. Apple Vision Pro – Tech : 12(C)+5(S)+6(M)



02. Apple Vision Pro – Tech : 12mmsec



[source] : <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TX9qSaGFyg> i n t e
r o d u c t i n g A p p l e v i s i o n P r o

03. Others



["비싸도 무조건 산다" BMW, 혹 할 만한 첨단 옵션 공개 \(capress.kr\)](https://capress.kr)



Composition



Displays

- . 3.5 inch. – 5 inch.
- . LCD, OLED

Magnifying Optics

- . Providing FoV over 100 deg.
- . Conventional, Fresnel, Pancake

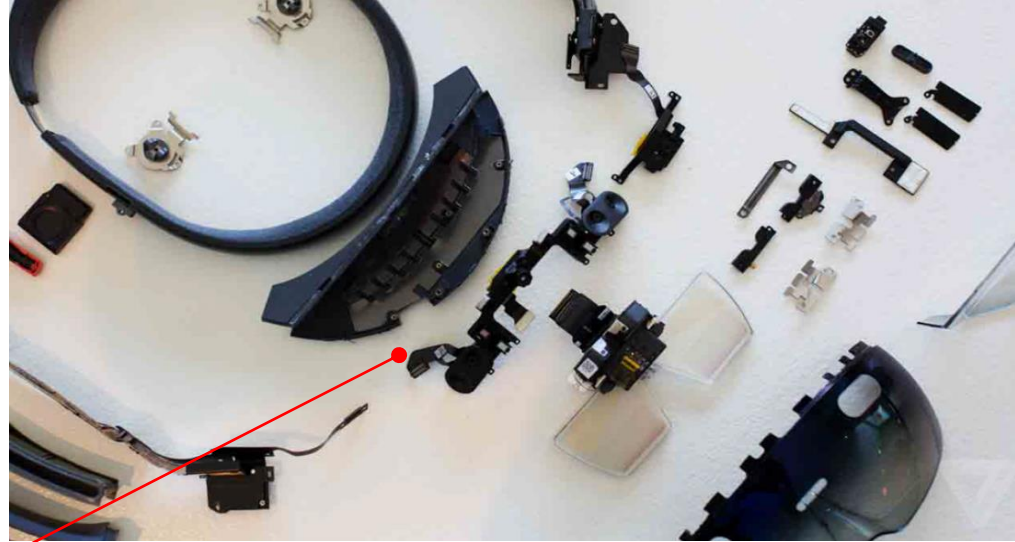
Sensor/Processor/Interface

- . IMU, (Fisheye) vision sensors, IR/depth sensor, etc.



<https://ko.ifixit.com/>

Device



<https://www.theverge.com>

Sensor/Processor/Interface

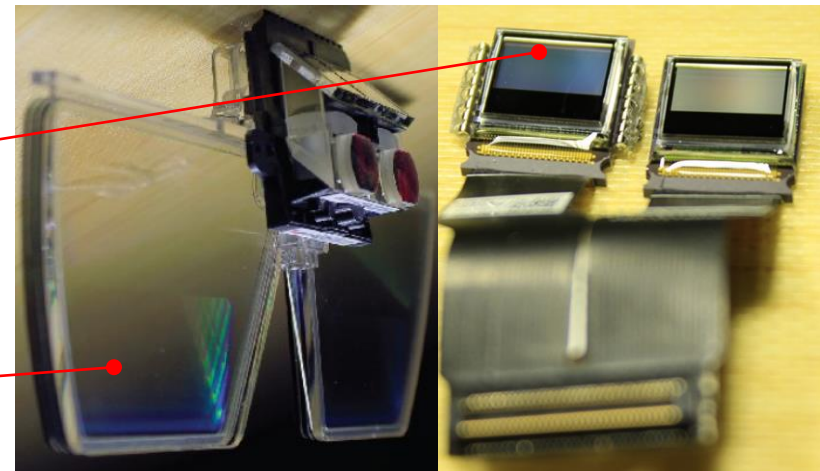
- . IMU, (Fisheye) vision sensors, IR/depth sensor, etc.

Displays

- . Under 1 inch
- . LCoS¹, OLED², DMD³(DLP⁴)

Image Combiner Optics

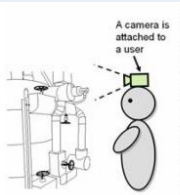
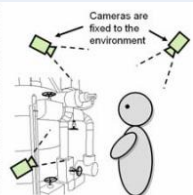
- . Providing FoV ~40 deg.
- . Birdbath, Waveguide



¹ Liquid crystal on silicon, ² OLED on silicon

³ Digital micro-mirror device, ⁴ Digital light processing

Device Types VR

Category	Types	Features	Examples
Processing Power	Tethered VR	- More <u>immersive</u> than other types (due to powerful processing resource outside) - Need to connect to an external processing resource and power	- Oculus Rift - HTC VIVE Pro  <i>Tethered VR: Oculus Rift.</i>
	Standalone VR (Untethered/ Wireless)	- To provide <u>more mobility</u> <u>Heavier</u> than tethered VR - No need for connection to an external processing resource	- Pico Neo - VIVE Focus - Oculus Go 
	Smartphone VR	<u>Affordable price range</u> - Key factors : screen type, resolution, battery life	- Samsung Gear VR - Google Daydream View 2  <i>Smartphone VR: Samsung Gear.</i>
Position Tracking	Inside-out	No external sensors, but complex algorithm (needs more processing power)	- HTC Vive - Samsung Odyssey 
	Outside-in	- Additional external sensors - Limited mobility	- Oculus Rift - PS VR 
Hand Tracking	Controller-free	Built-in hand tracking	Oculus Quest (additional controller also available) 
	Controller-based	Base station + controller	HTC VIVE 

Device Types AR

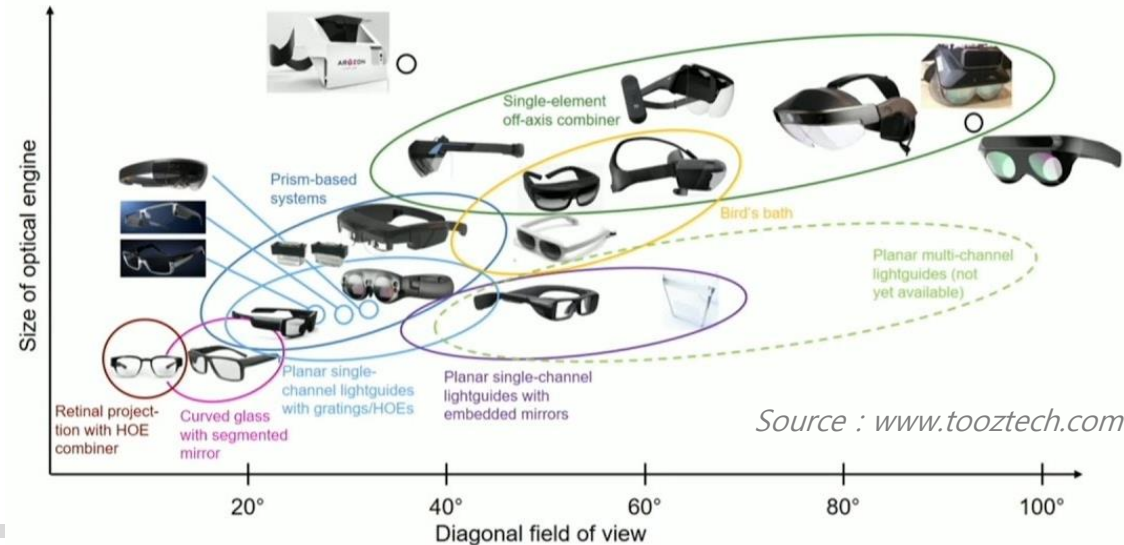
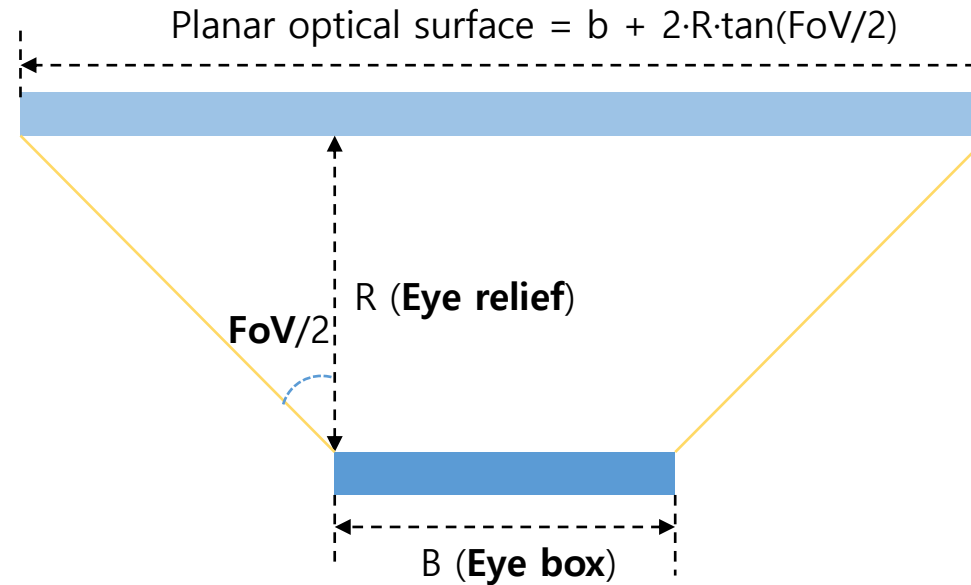
Category	Types	Features
Processing Power	Tethered AR	- Suitable for lighter devices (i.e., glasses) - Limited support of sensors - Need for connection to external processing resource (i.e., dedicated processing module, mini PC or smartphone) and power
	Standalone AR (Untethered AR)	- Heavier than tethered AR - AP-based processing module inside (usually limited processing power)
	Smartphone AR	- Not so popular yet - Affordable price range
Form Factor	Glasses	- Monocular or Binocular type - Tethered AR or standalone AR - Lower resolution & FOV <u>Needs customization</u> (IPD adjust, prescription insert) - Key factors : <u>Light optical system with large FOV, Bright display</u> - Applications : Personal entertainment 
	Goggles	- Monocular or Binocular type - Standalone AR (normally) - Key factors : relatively lower requirements than glasses - Applications : Sports 
	Headsets (Head-mounted)	- Binocular - Tethered AR or standalone AR - Key factors : relatively higher requirements than glasses + specific sensors for industrial applications

❖ Optical Issues

Optical efficiency ↑
Transparency ↑
Eye relief ↑
Eye box ↑
FoV ↑

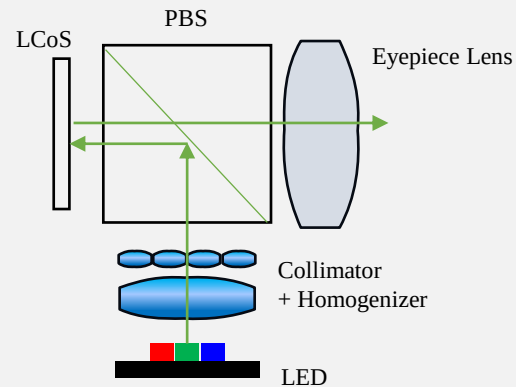
❖ Display Issues

Brightness ↑
Resolution ↑
Volume ↓



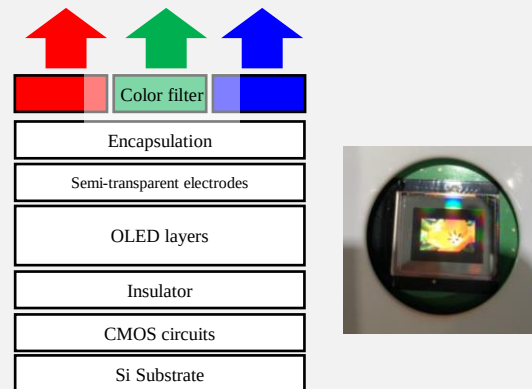
Key Elements	Selections	Considerations					
		Size (Volume)	Power Consumption	Brightness	Contrast	Technology Maturity	Ease of Manufacturing
Micro Display	μ LCoS	* (**)	*	**	**	***	***
	μ OLED	***	**	*	***	**	**
	μ LED	***	***	***	***	*	*
	LBS	* (**)	*	***	***	*	*

LCoS



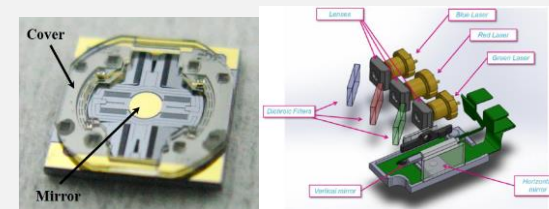
Sony(SXRD), Himax, Kopin,
Syndiant, Omnivision
[Raontech, May Display, Selcos]

OLED



Sony, eMagin, Microoled, Kopin,
Fraunhofer
[LG Display('19 IMID)]

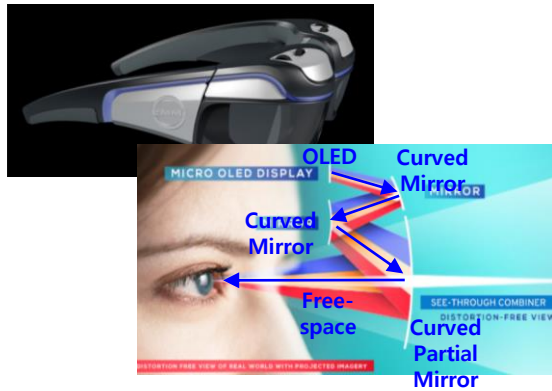
LBS



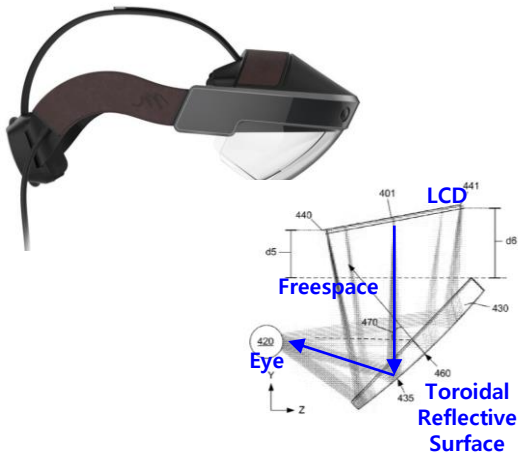
Microvision, STMicroelectronics,
Bosch
[Panacea]

Development Issues – Optics (1)

Off-axis (spherical) combiner

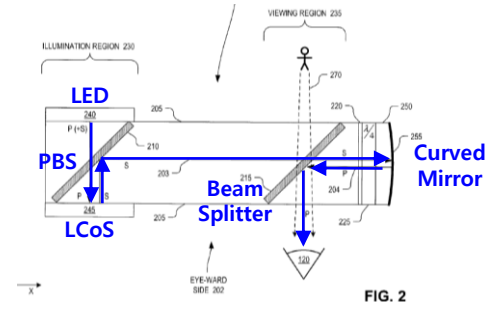


[Immy]

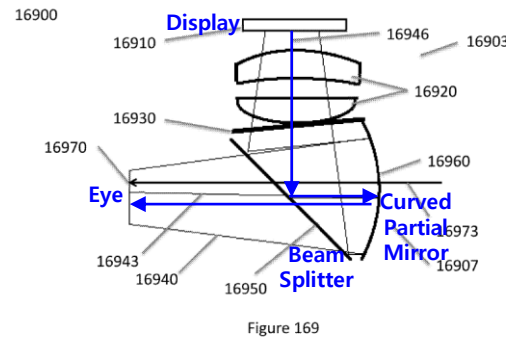


[Meta (US 2016/0139413)]

On-axis spherical mirror + beam splitter (or Birdbath)

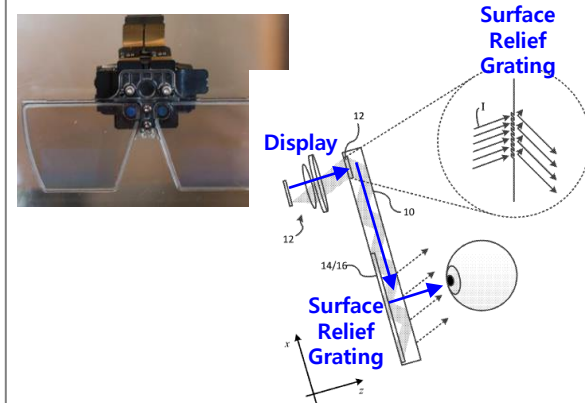


[Google (US 9013793)]

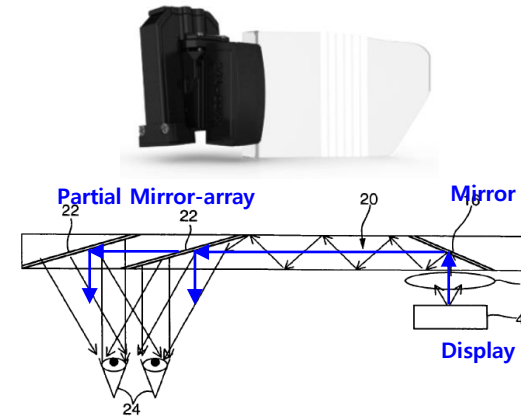


[ODG (US 9494800)]

Waveguide/Lightguide



[Microsoft (US 9513480)]

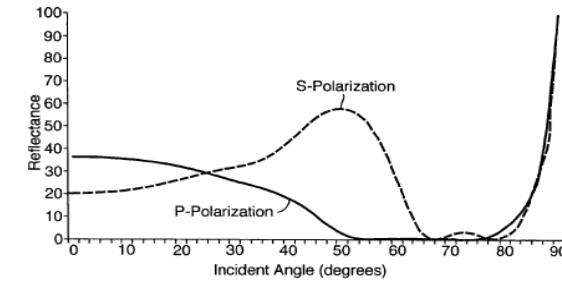
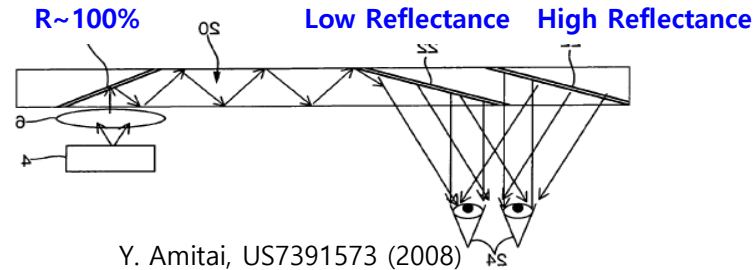


[Lumus (US 7391573)]

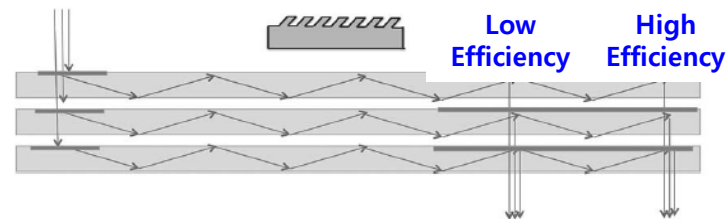
Big size combiner with low cost
Large field of view

Thin combiner with high cost
Small field of view

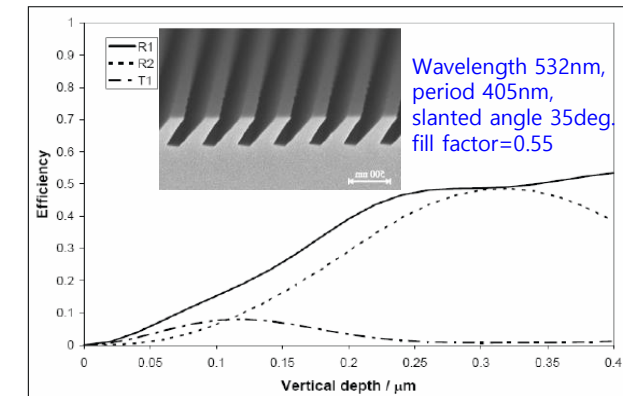
Reflective implementation : Array of partial mirrors



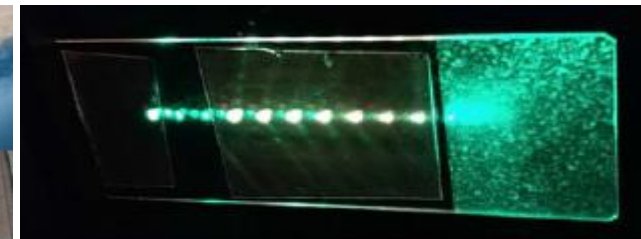
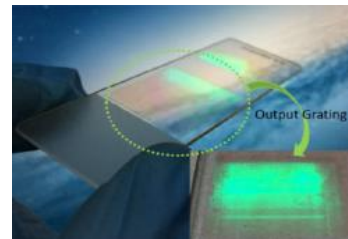
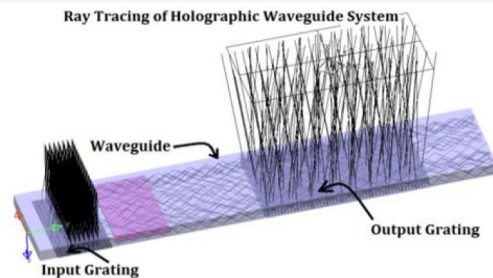
Diffractive implementation : Surface relief grating



B. C. Kress, *et al.*, Proc. SPIE 10335, 103350K (2017)
T. Levola *et al.*, Opt. Express 15(5), 2067 (2007)

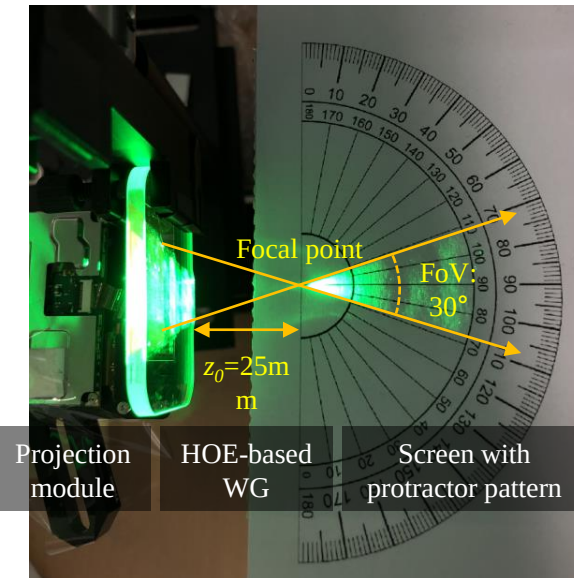
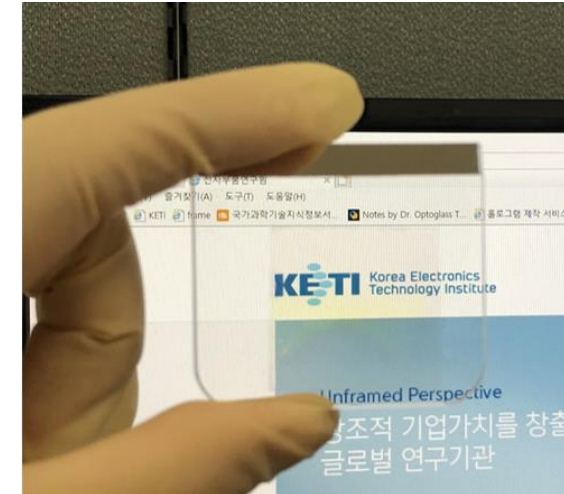
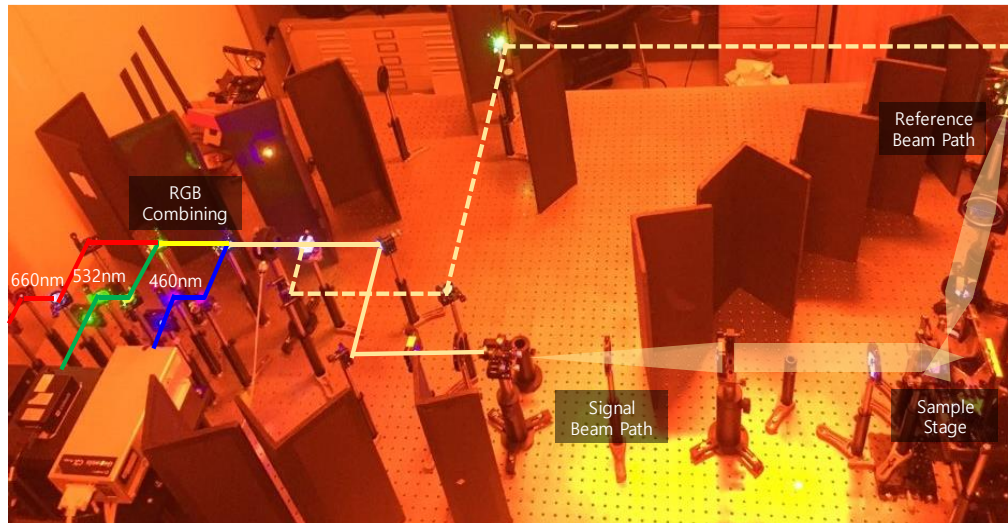
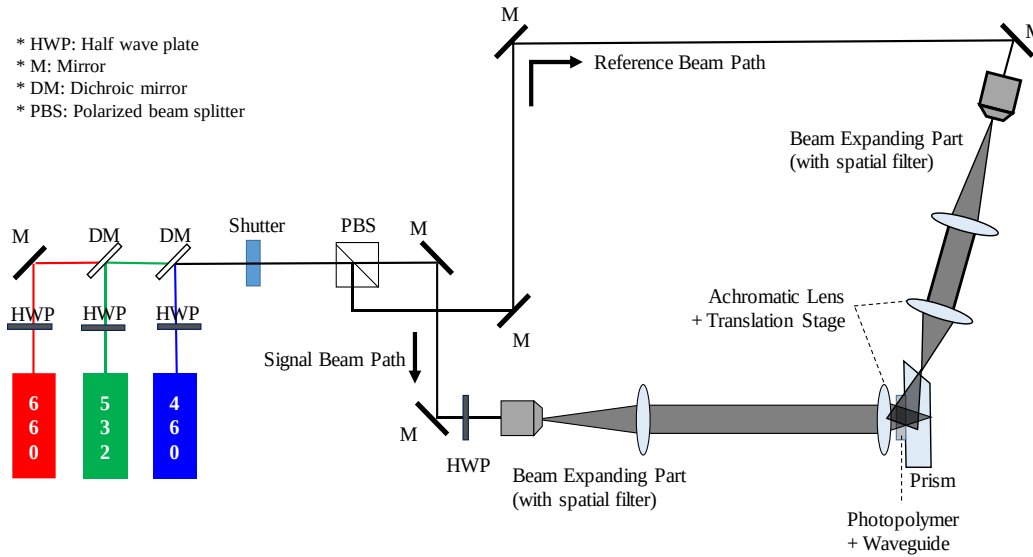


Diffractive implementation : Volume grating (photopolymer)



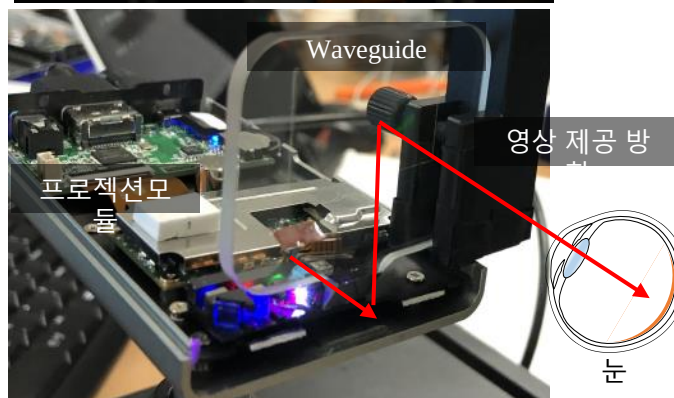
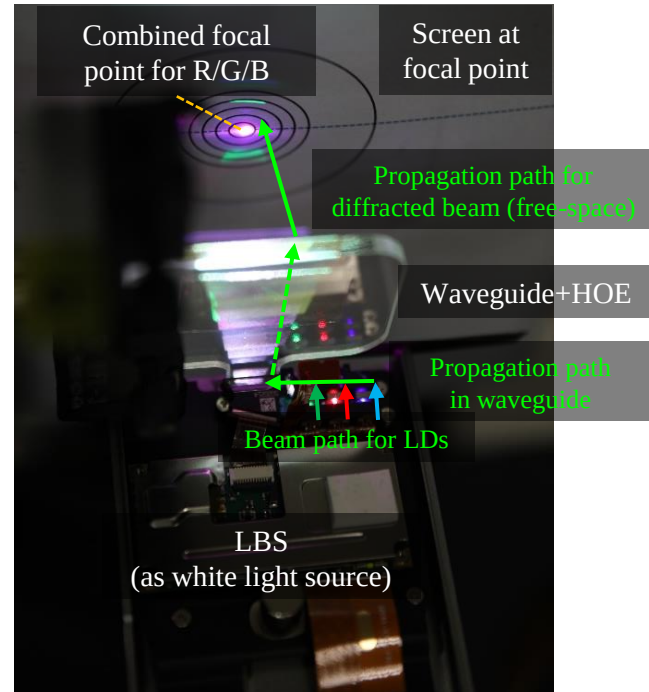
A. Liu, IEEE Photonics J. 10(4), 7000310 (2018)

Diffraction Waveguide



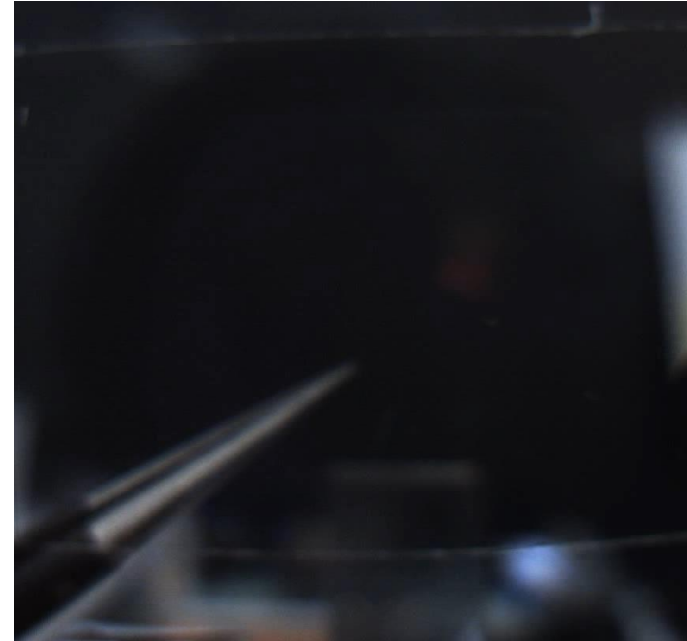
Diffractive Waveguide

[RGB Full color 초점 (파장 보상)]

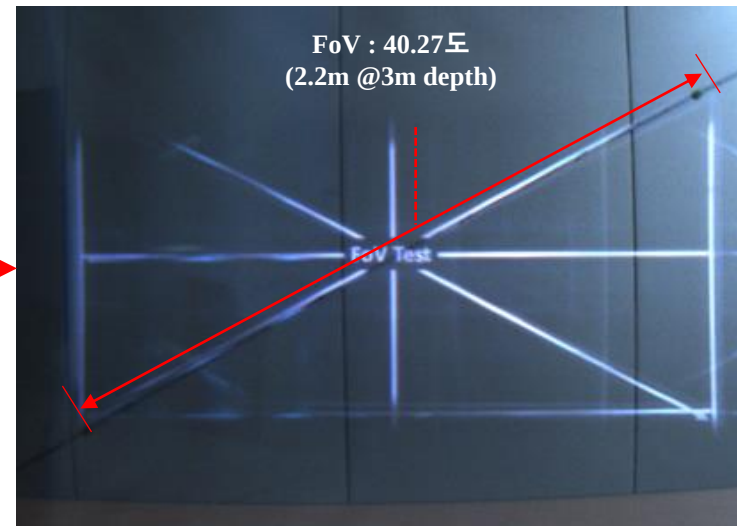
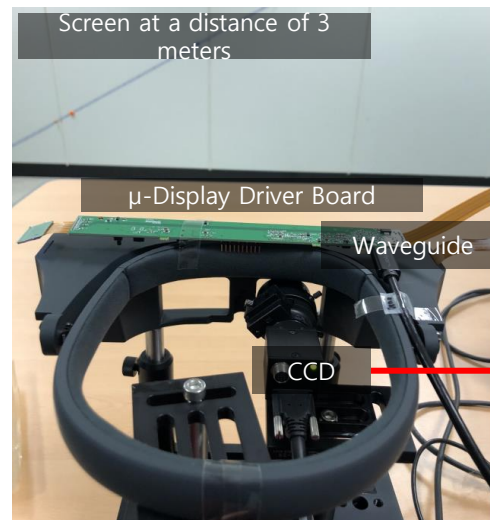
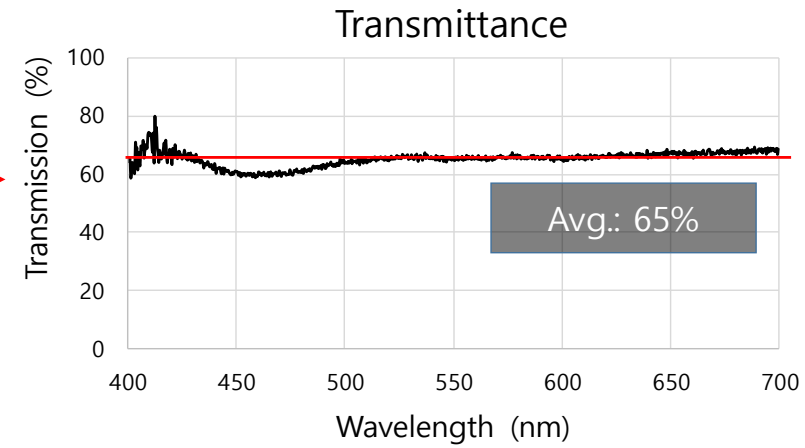
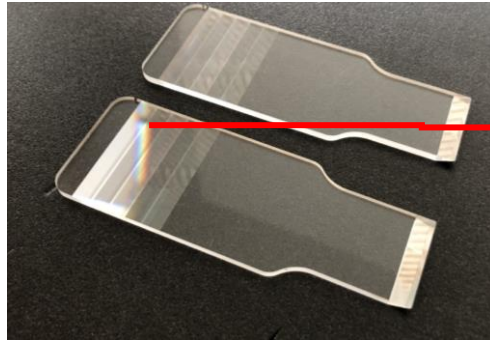


■ Specification

- Target μ -Display : LBS
- FoV : 30
- Eye-relief : 25mm
- Transmittance : > 60%
- Thickness : 3.5 mm



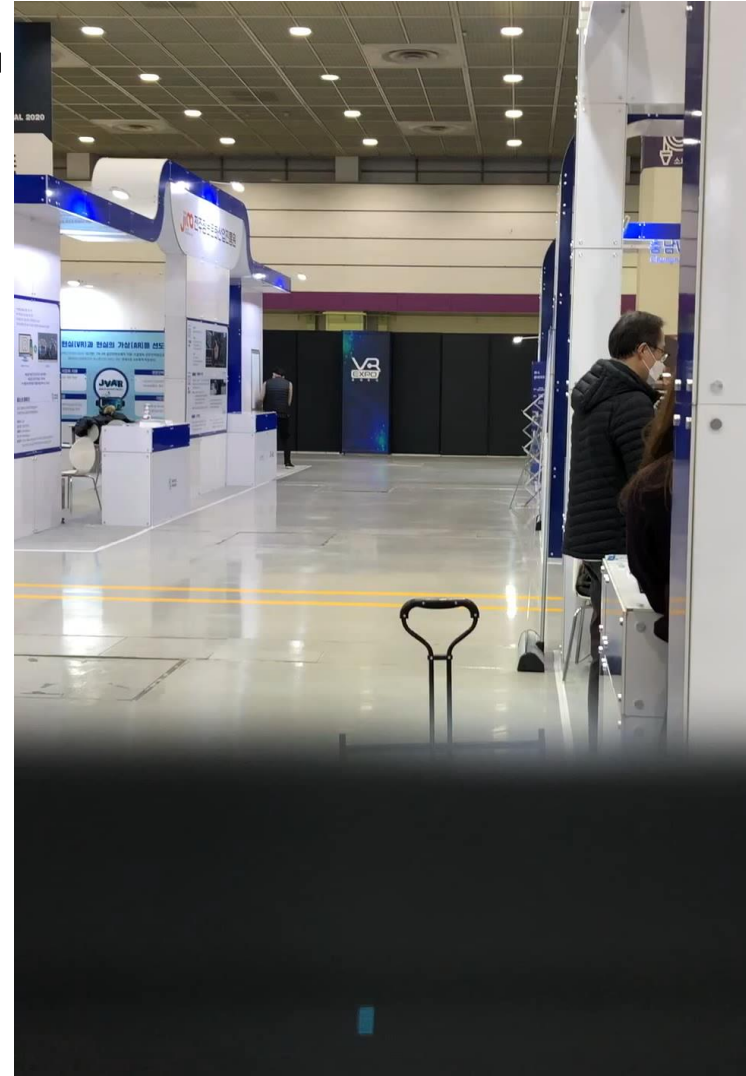
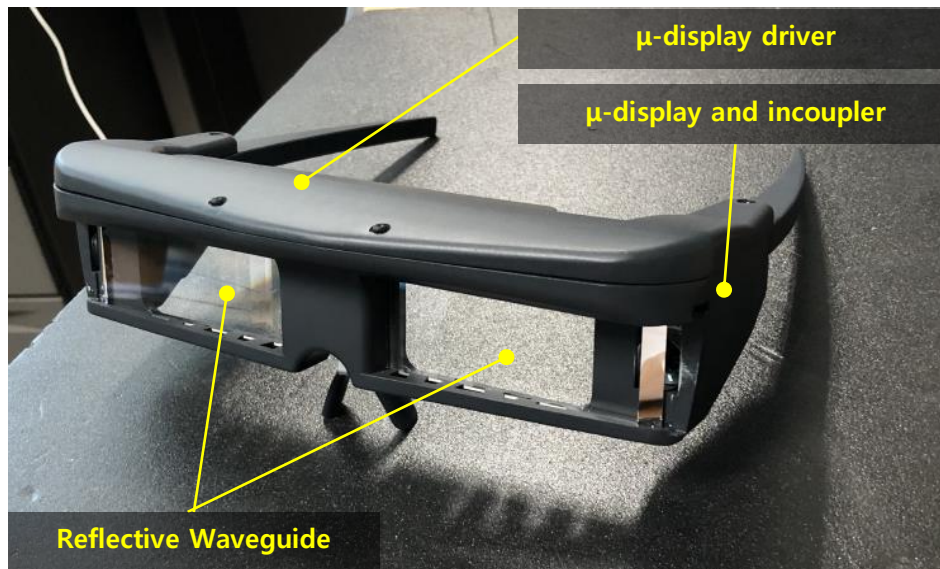
Reflective Waveguide



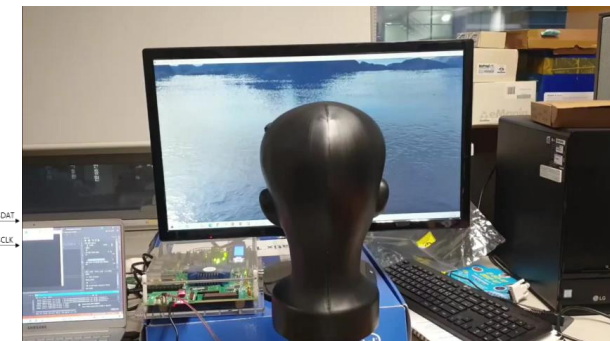
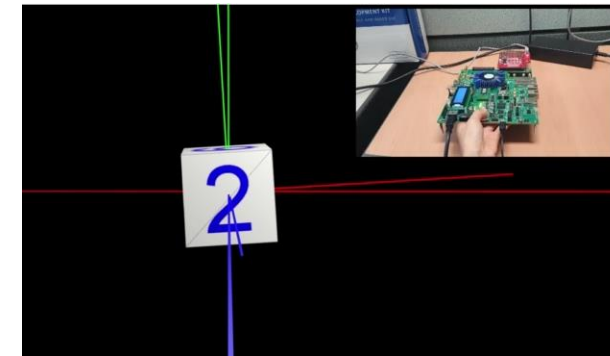
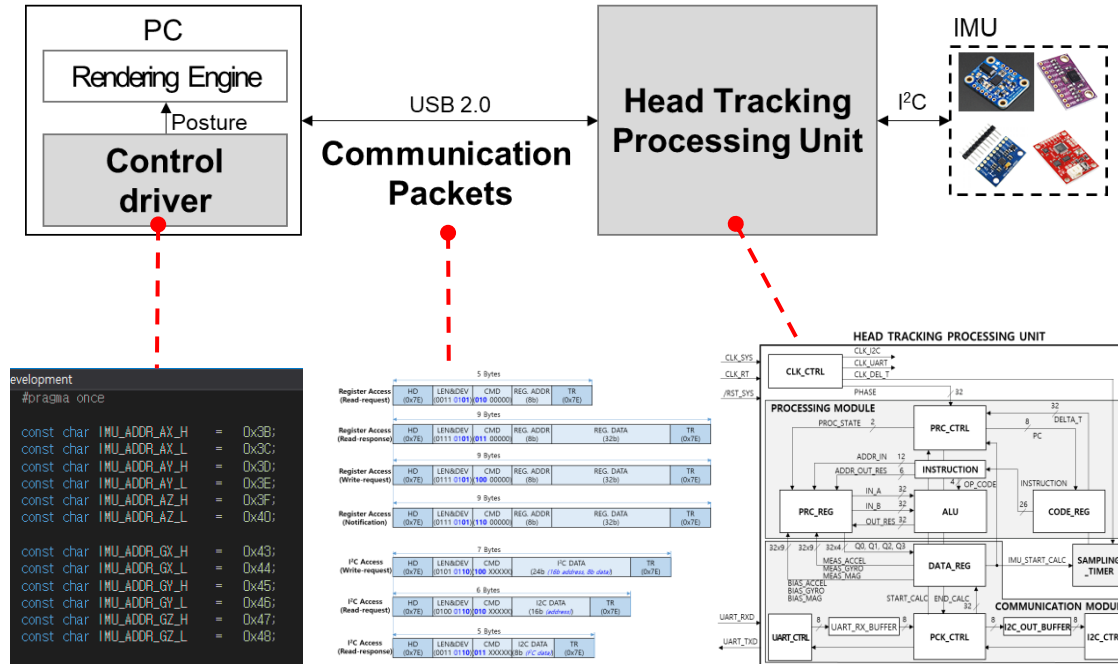
Reflective Waveguide

■ Specification

- μ -Display : 0.39", 1080p (BOE)
- WG Thickness : 2.445 mm
- FoV : 40.27
- Eye-box : 15.5mm
- Transmittance : 65.155%

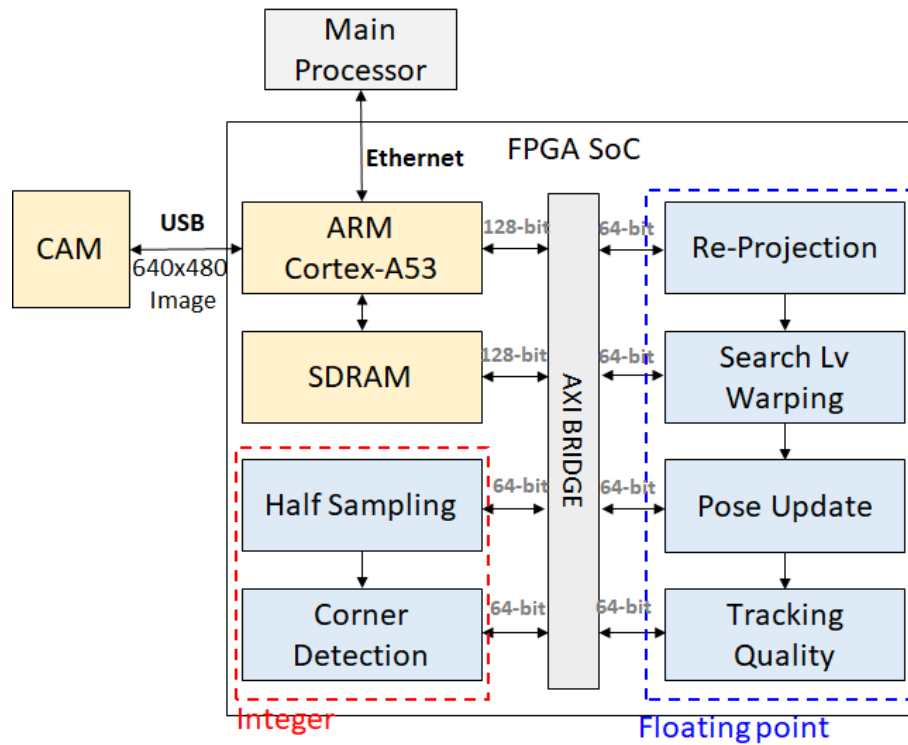


Head Tracking

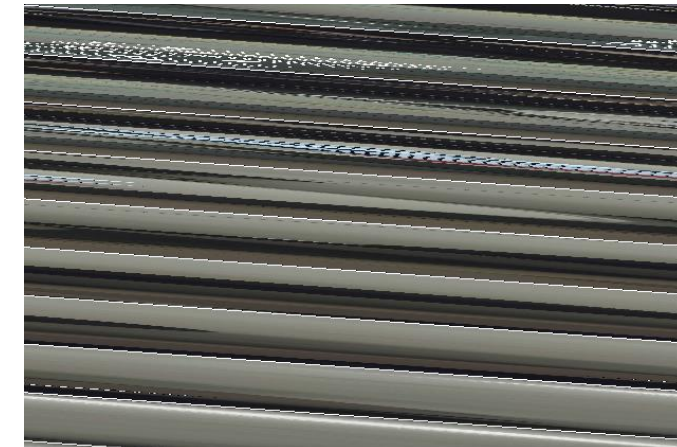
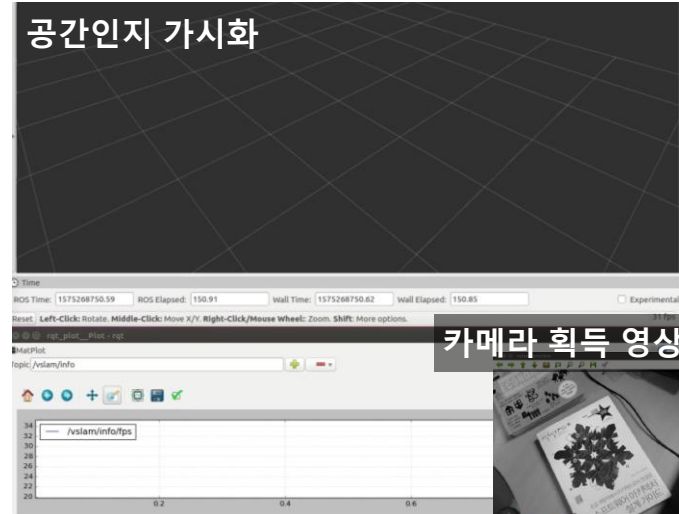


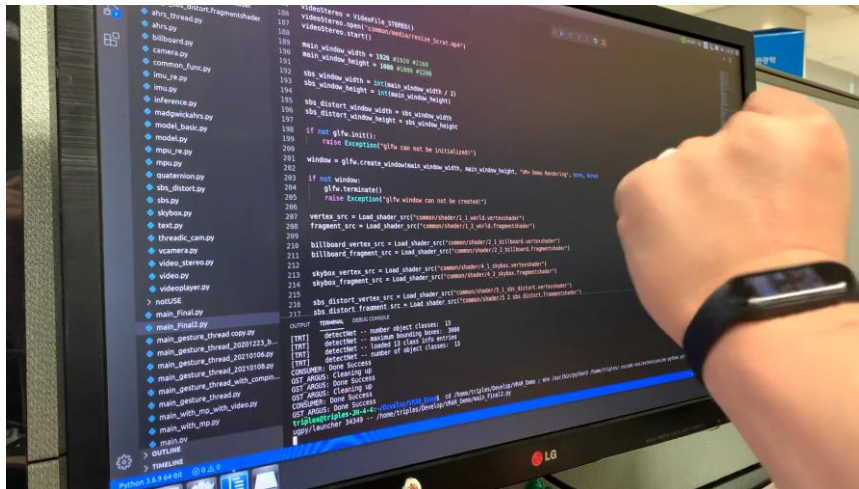
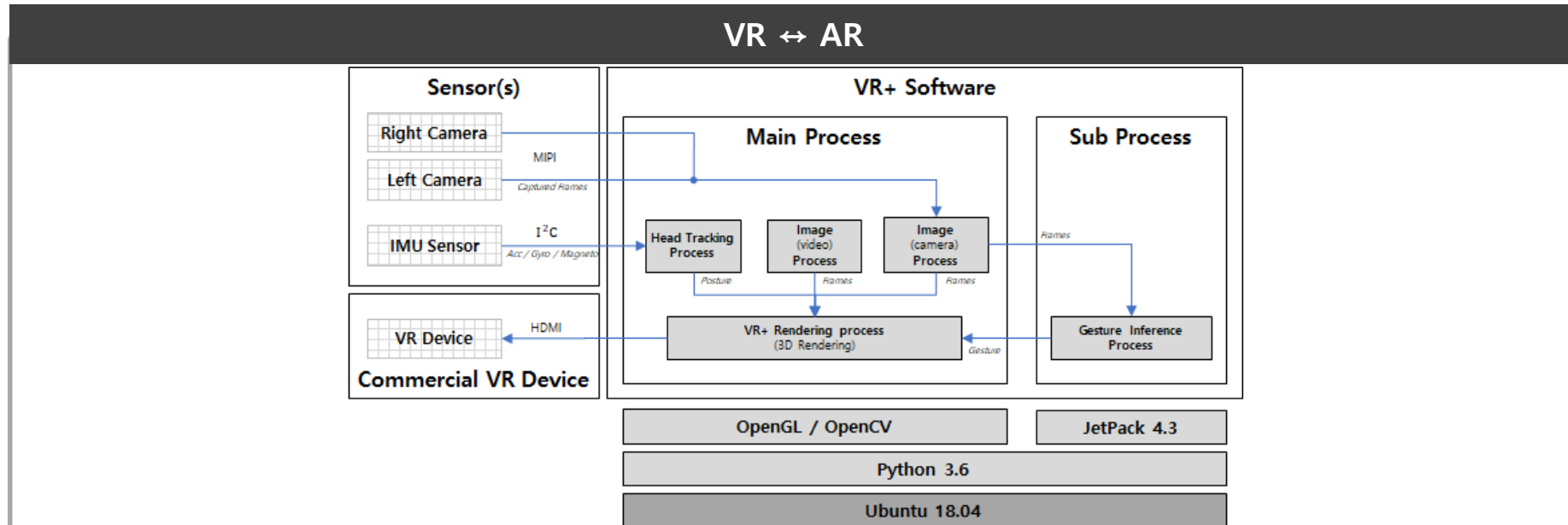
- ❖ Composed of programmable controller and floating-point operation logic specialized in head tracking algorithms
- ❖ Support of any type of IMU sensors (up to 9-DoF)
- ❖ USB 2.0 and I2C interfaces for connecting external processing resource (i.e., PC) and IMU sensors

Localization & Mapping



공간인지 가시화

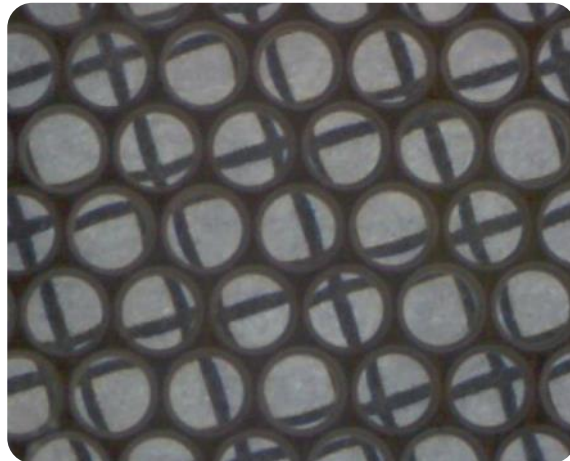
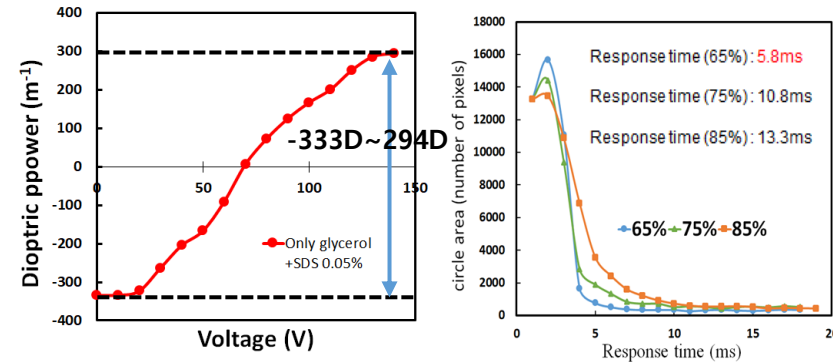




MLA for Varifocal Integral Imaging Display

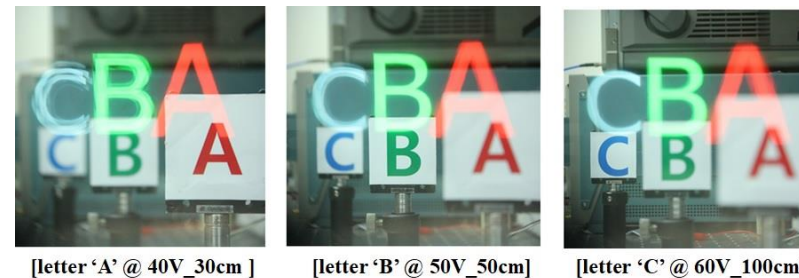
■ Specification

- # of lens : 165 (15 × 11)
- Lens Diameter : 1mm
- Diopter Range : 627D (-333~294D)
- Operation Speed : 5.8ms



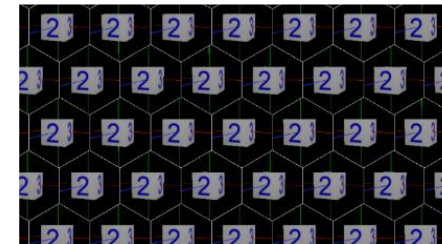
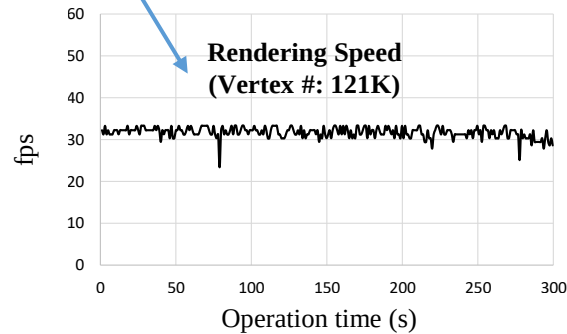
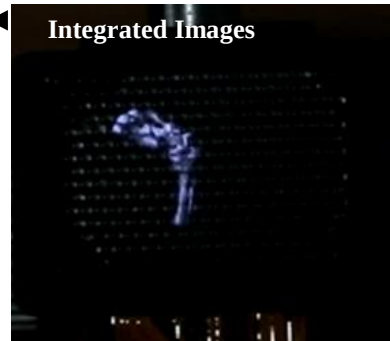
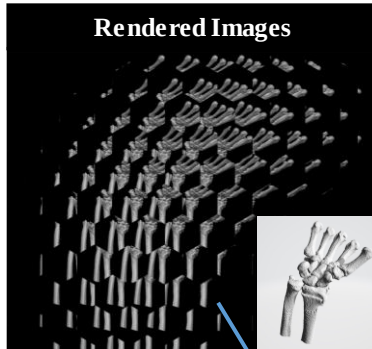
[Electro-wetting Micro Lens Array (MLA)]

(좌) 전압에 따른 Dioptic power 변화량
(우) 점도에 따른 렌즈 동작속도]

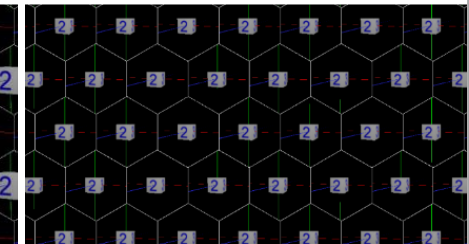


[전압에 따른 깊이 표현 범위 관측]

Varifocal Integral Imaging Renderer



State #1:
FoV: 30°, MLA 컨트롤 전압: 57V



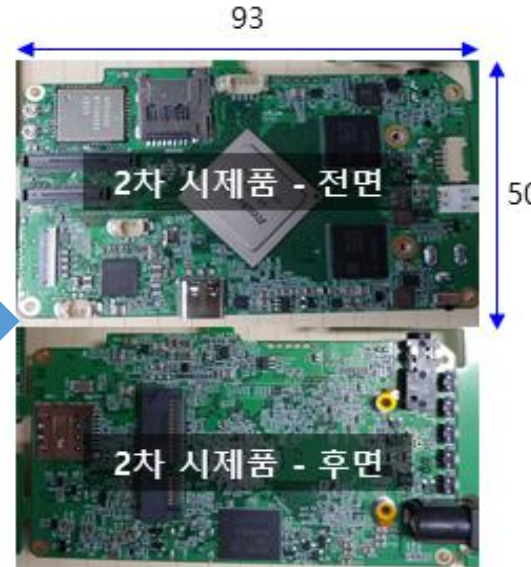
State #2:
FoV: 90°, MLA 컨트롤 전압: 89.8V



❖ 특징

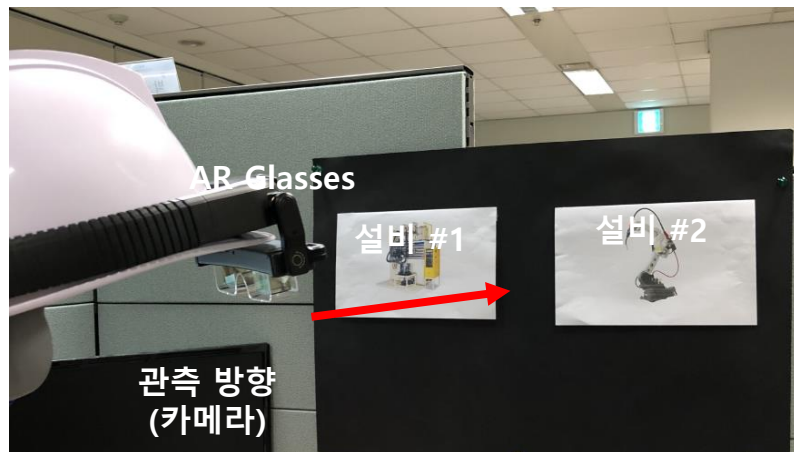
- GLSL 및 GPU 기반 사용자 입력 실시간 반영이 가능한 집적영상 렌더러
- 초점 가변에 따른 렌더링 조건(개별 렌즈 화각, 심도 등) 변경 기능 제공
- 렌더러와 동기화된 MLA 구동 신호 출력 (USB/I2C)
- 30 fps 이상 동작 (Vertex # 121K 기준)

AP-based Processing Board for AR Device



■ Features

- AP : RK3399
- Network : 4G/LTE, WiFi, Bluetooth
- Support of IoT connection (oneM2M-compatible)
- OpenMobius-based visualization engine inside





감사합니다.

정보통신미디어연구본부 임승옥본부장
solim@keti.re.kr